

11 2A Sir Alfred East's plaque can be seen on a plinth at Morrison's marking his birthplace.

12 2B Thomas Cooper Gotch was born in the Mission House, Lower Street. He attended Kettering Grammar School and did not follow the family tradition of working in the shoe industry; instead he became a highly acclaimed artist and member of the Royal Academy. His paintings can be seen world wide including in the Alfred East Art Gallery.

2B Mission House here the Baptist Missionary Society was formed.

2A Chesham House is situated opposite the Mission House, dating from about 1762 and with the Mission House perhaps the best example of pre-Victorian domestic buildings in Kettering. Previously home to the Gotch and Stockburn families. The building has recently been restored, and is now offices for starter businesses under the management of Northampton University.

13 2B William Knibb was born in Market Street. His crucial role in the education and the emancipation of slaves in the British colonies in the 19th century is recognised in Kettering's coat of arms which features a black man with broken manacles, and the Kettering Mosaic which includes images of five slaves with broken chains.

William and his wife are buried at the William Knibb Memorial Chapel, in Falmouth, Jamaica.

2B Fuller Baptist Church as well as Knibb exhibitions at the Manor House Museum, there is a museum dedicated to him and Jamaica in Fuller Church in Gold Street that is open by appointment. The eight year old son of Knibb, Gotch and Wallis family members are buried in the graveyard here.

14 2B John Alfred Gotch PPRIBA, HSBC Bank High Street. He attended Kettering Grammar School. A noted British architect, he designed the Midland Banks and many buildings in Kettering. He was an architectural historian. In 1879 he set up a private architectural practice in Kettering, was President of the Architectural Association in 1886-7, Vice-President of the RIBA in 1914-9, President of RIBA in 1923-5 and first Charter Mayor of Kettering in 1938.

15 2B The Great Meeting Christian non-conformist meetings commenced in Kettering around 1666 following the 1662 Act of Uniformity. It was at that time that Mr

Maydwell, the Rector of Kettering, left the Parish Church to establish the Independent Meeting, founding the Baptist Church.

16 3B Sophie Green she is well known for her work with the Cooperative movement, trade unions and above all the WEA which gave her local and national reputation. She was also on the Board of Education and Poor Law Guardians.

17 1B Derek Spencer Tompkins Beck Studio gained an enviable reputation for the quality of its output which included a top ten single for the Barron Knights and a number of top selling singles and LPs for Northampton's Bauhaus, earning him two silver discs in the process.

For more information on great places to explore in Northamptonshire take a look at:

- www.northamptonshireheritageforum.co.uk
Tel: 01780782575
- www.friendskagam.org
- www.thisiskettering.com
- www.wicksteadpark.org
- www.boughtonhouse.co.uk
- www.4locals.net
- www.villageconnect.com

Useful numbers:

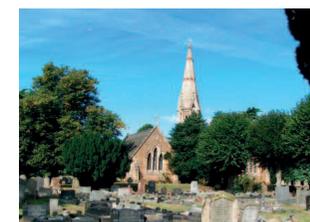
- Kettering Borough Council: 01536 410333
- Kettering Library: 01536 261000
- Kettering Police Station: 101
- National Rail Enquiries: 08457 484950
- Kettering General Hospital: 01536 492000

www.ketteringcivicsociety.net
kettcivic@gmail.com

Compiled by Monica Özdemir

KETTFEST

arts, culture, music and more in our community



Kettering Civic Society Registered Charity 1131165

1 3B Swimming Pool

3B London Road Cemetery the story of Kettering can be told through those buried here. The two chapels with graves on either side reflect on the left, those of the Church of England and on the right the Non-Conformists.

Businessmen, world renowned academics, artists, philanthropists and soldiers are amongst the many buried here with fascinating tales to tell. * *Contact the Society if you would like to have a guided group tour.*

2 3B Council Offices designed by J.A. Gotch, formerly the Girls High School and Boys Grammar School. Kettering Grammar School educated some famous people including Thomas Toller; William Knibb, emancipator; John Alfred Gotch, architect; Sir Alfred East, artist; HE Bates, author.

School Masters Geoffrey Perry and Derek Slater tracked Sputnik 4 in May 1960. They were subjects in a Channel 4 drama based on their achievements at the school called *Sputniks Bleeps and Mr. Perry*, which was broadcast on TV in March 1987.

3 3B Alfred East Art Gallery with ever-changing exhibitions a must to explore more often than once. See www.kagam.org and www.kdas.co.uk for details of talks, exhibitions and workshops.

2A Alfred East's bust can be seen in the small garden between the Library and the Art Gallery. Born and brought up in Kettering. A landscape painter of considerable talent, he became an A.R.A. in 1889 and President of the Royal Society of British Artists in 1906. He presented some fine pictures to the town and the Art Gallery was built specially to house them. A plaque recognising his birthplace stands on a plinth in the gardens in Northall Street near to Morrison's supermarket.

3B World War II Cenotaph

4 3B Manor House Museum everything you want to know about Kettering and more can be found in this impressive award-winning museum where exhibitions are continually changing. Workshops take place throughout the year. For details see; www.thisiskettering.com Amongst many other fascinating exhibits is one dedicated to William Knibb. There are always fun activity sheets for children to complete. Kettering Civic Society with Wicksteed Trust secured the Roughton Car for the town; a popular exhibit, which belonged to Dr Roughton. It is said that he performed operations on the lid of the car boot!

3B Parish Church of SS Peter & Paul is well worth a visit, the oldest building in the town which can be seen for miles around. Occasionally the spire is open for the public to climb getting a bird's eye view of the town.

5 3B Kettering Library designed by Goddard, Paget and Carlow. The lending library was first established in the old Corn Exchange on Market Place in 1896. Its second home was in Silver Street 1901. It moved in 1904 to this handsome building, a 'jewelled casket of learning'. The building was made possible by a gift of £8000 from Andrew Carnegie who broke his usual practice of anonymity to open the building in person. Built of red brick with Ketton stone dressings it has a Collyweston slate roof. A surprisingly uninhibited design for 1904.

3B Dryland Memorial John Winter Dryland was a Kettering doctor who played a major part in the hard-fought struggles of the 1860s and 1870s to make Kettering a healthier place. He founded in 1871 a water company to provide the town with a purer supply than was available from the wells. He was Medical Officer of Health to the Local Government Board, and is remembered as a town benefactor. His Dryland Memorial facing the Public Library included a drinking fountain, horse troughs, and a lower trough for dogs; they were dismantled half a century ago. The Civic Society campaigned to have it saved, restored and reinstated outside the library.

3B Piccadilly Buildings designed by J.A. Gotch.

6 3A Kettering Station the railway was to become a major contributor to the town's growth. The original cast iron canopy was due for demolition in the 1970s. Protests led by Kettering Civic Society persuaded B.R. to retain the structure replacing the glass with modern plastic sheeting. This restoration together with other improvements gained a commendation in the Civic Trust Award Scheme in 1982. Now it is possible to travel from London St Pancras through the Channel Tunnel on Eurostar to Paris.

3A H.E. Bates blue plaque on the 1st Class waiting room on platform 3 a prolific writer best known for *The Darling Buds of May* was made into a TV series. H.E. Bates attended Kettering Grammar School between 1916 and 1921. In 1919, when he was only 14, he met and fell in love with Constance Ginns, a pupil at Kettering High School for Girls. Two years older than Bates, she persuaded him to abandon his ambition to be a painter and start writing poetry.

In his autobiography H.E. Bates wrote:

"if there is no practical reason whatever for there ever being erected a plaque on a house in London saying 'H. E. Bates lived here'; but if there were any justice whatever in the history of railways and twentieth-century novelists there should be a plaque on the door of the First Class waiting-room on Platform Number Three at Kettering station, saying 'H. E. Bates loved here'."

7 4D J.L. Carr was a prolific English novelist, publisher, artist. He designed quirky county maps and miniature books. An artist and sculptor; examples of his work can be seen over the North Porch of the Parish Church of SS Peter & Paul. He was headmaster of Highfield School (now Greenfield School). Amongst his many books he wrote *A Month in the Country* which was made into a film starring Colin Firth and Kenneth Branagh.

8 5D Wicksteed Park 3A Hall Lane & 1C Digby Street. Charles Wicksteed has two plaques dedicated to him: on his former home, Bryn Hafod in Hall Lane and his engineering factory, now Wicksteed Playgrounds, in Digby Street. An engineer, in 1907 he designed a motor car gearbox amongst other inventions. A philanthropist; in 1920 he opened the park covering over 150 acres, including a 30-acre boating lake, miniature railway, banqueting and conference facilities.

9 1C Frank Bellamy's blue plaque is on his former home in Bath Road. He was voted at a New York Awards Ceremony as the best non-American illustrator in the world. On leaving school he produced a regular comic strip for the Kettering Evening Telegraph's 'Pink 'Un' sports paper whilst working for William Blamir on Kettering's High Street designing film posters for local cinemas. His most memorable creative work was the Eagle Comics famous Dan Dare strip. Throughout the late sixties and early seventies, he contributed to many periodicals including the Sunday Times and the Radio Times.

10 2B Anthony Ireson's blue plaque is on his former home Beech Cottage, in Tanners Lane. The Kettering-born author and a founder member of Kettering Civic Society, opposed the scheme to build a new indoor shopping centre at the expense of the town's Victorian Post Office buildings and historic Beech House. Amongst other books, he wrote six books on the town's social history including *Old Kettering and Its Defenders* which tells the story of the Civic Society.